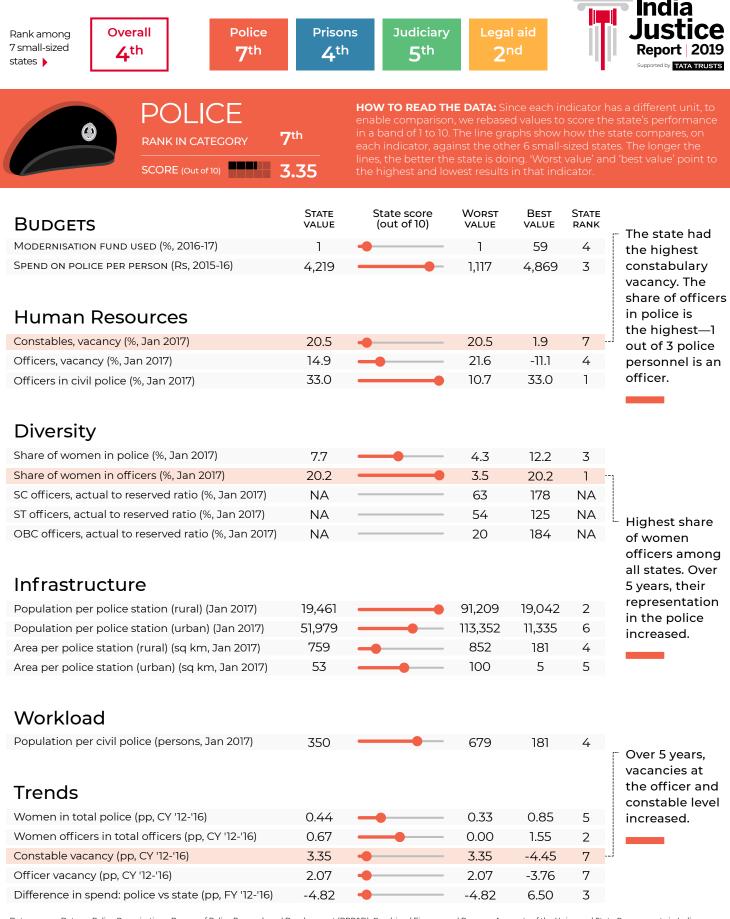
Mizoram



Data sources: Data on Police Organizations, Bureau of Police Research and Development (BPR&D); Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Open Budgets India. Notes: 1. Data for 'Jan 2017' is as of January 1, 2017. 2. SC: Scheduled castes; ST: Scheduled tribes; OBC: Other backward classes. 3. pp; percentage points (the difference between two percentages).

Notes: I. Data for 'Jan 2017' is as of January I, 2017. 2: SC: Scheduled castes; S1: Scheduled tribes; OBC: Other backward classes. 3: pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). 4: NA: Not available: 5: CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year: 6: Civil police includes district armed reserve police: 7: SC/ST/OBC officers, actual to reserved ratio: BPR&D shows 0% reservation. PRISONS

RANK IN CATEGORY 4th

SCORE (Out of 10) **3.99**

HOW TO READ THE DATA: Since each indicator has a different unit, to enable comparison, we rebased values to score the state's performance in a band of 1 to 10. The line graphs show how the state compares, on each indicator, against the other 6 small-sized states. The longer the lines, the better the state is doing. 'Worst value' and 'best value' point to the highest and lowest results in that indicator.

Budgets	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank	
Spend per inmate (Rs, 2016-17)	26,701	-	22,354	95,982	6	– High vacancies
Prison budget utilised (%, 2016-17)	99	•	55	100	2	across staff
Human Resources						categories. Over 5 years, both cadre staff and officer vacancies
Officers, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	37.8		50.0	11.1	4 -	increased.
Cadre staff, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	26.0		28.3	8.8	5	
Correctional staff, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	50.0		100.0	42.9	2	
Medical staff, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	33.3	•	33.3	-10.0	5	
Medical officers, vacancy (%, Dec 2016)	50.0		60.0	0.0	2	
Diversity	1/7		2.2	10.0		
Women in prison staff (%, Dec 2016)	14.3		2.2	18.8	4	
Infrastructure Prison occupancy (%, Dec 2016)	89	•	132	37	1	
Workload						Over 5 years, the share of
Inmates per officer (persons, Dec 2016)	58		100	20	5	UTPs in prisons
Inmates per cadre staff (persons, Dec 2016)	5	•	7	2	1	reduced from 62% to 50%.
Inmates per correctional staff (persons, Dec 2016)	1,161	•	1,161	548	2	0270 10 3070.
Trends						
Officer vacancy (pp, CY '12-'16)	3.82		7.34	-0.18	5	– Over 5 years,
Cadre staff vacancy (pp, CY '12-'16)	1.92		4.49	-0.04	6	the state saw
Share of women in prison staff (pp, CY '12-'16)	-1.50	•	-1.50	0.79	7	the largest increase
Inmates per prison officer (%, CY '12-'16)	11.4		41.1	-1.7	3	in prison
Inmates per cadre staff (%, CY '12-'16)	4.9		33.0	0.3	4	expenditure
Share of undertrial prisoners (pp, CY '12-'16)	-1.39		3.69	-4.92	3	against
Spend per inmate (%, FY '13-'17)	4.2	•	2.7	84.4	5	overall state expenditure.
Prison budget used (pp, FY '13-'17)	0.01		-7.05	6.04	6	
Difference in spend: prisons vs state (pp, FY '12-'16)	113.0	•	-9.4	113.0	1	

Data sources: Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB); Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Open Budgets India.

Notes: 1. Data for 'Dec 2016' is as of December 31, 2016. 2. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). 3. NA: Not available. 4. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year.

JUDICIARY 5th

RANK IN CATEGORY

SCORE (Out of 10) 3.66 **HOW TO READ THE DATA:** Since each indicator has a different unit, to enable comparison, we rebased values to score the state's performance in a band of 1 to 10. The line graphs show how the state compares, on

Budgets	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank	
Per capita spend on judiciary (Rs, 2015-16)	224		78	464	3	Nearly 1 in 2
Human Resources	224		70	404	3	sanctioned lower court judge posts
	0.770.000		0.770.000	0 ((077	6	vacant.
Population per High Court judge (2016-17)	2,338,689	•	2,338,689	244,231		
Population per sub. court judge (2016-17)	36,271		81,396	30,386	2	
High Court judge vacancy (%, 2016-17)	36.5	•	36.5	16.7	6	
Sub. court judge vacancy (%, 2016-17)	52.0	-	52.0	6.5	7	1
High Court staff vacancy (%, 2016-17)	14.8		19.5	6.2	3	Had one of the lowest shares of women
Women judges (High Court) (%, Jun 2018)	5.9		0.0	33.3	3	subordinate court judges
Women judges (sub. court) (%, Jul 2017)	20.8	-	20.8	73.8	6	among the
Infrastructure						small states.
Courthall shortfall (%, 2016-17, Mar 2018)	46.0	•	46.0	0.0	6]
Workload						
Cases pending (5-10 years) (sub. court) (%, Aug 2018)			15.25	0.28	2	
Cases pending (10+ years) (sub. court) (%, Aug 2018)	0.93		10.78	0.14	3	
Average High Court pendency (years, Sep 2017)	2.0		3.0	1.3	3	An almost
Average sub. court pendency (years, Aug 2017)	4.0		6.3	2.7	2	50% shortfall
Case clearance rate (High Court) (%, 2016-17)	82	_	75	110	4	in available courthalls
Case clearance rate (sub. court) (%, 2016-17)	98		57	106	2	against sanctioned number of subordinate
Cases pending (per High Court judge) (%, FY '13-'17)	-4.4	——	15.4	-19.2	4	court judges.
Cases pending (per sub. court judge) (%, FY '13-'17)	3.6		21.4	-4.5	4	
Total cases pending (High Court) (%, FY '13-'17)	-8.8		22.2	-17.9	3	
Total cases pending (sub. court) (%, FY '13-'17)	2.3		40.4	2.3	1	
Judge vacancy (High Court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	3.54		6.52	-5.00	3	
Judge vacancy (sub. court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	0.24		5.68	-6.88	4	
Case clearance rate (High Court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	-4.16	•	-4.16	4.86	6	
Case clearance rate (sub. court) (pp, FY '13-'17)	-1.13		-9.45	2.06	6	
Difference in spend: judiciary vs state (pp, FY '12-'16)	-2.08		-3.08	36.00	4	

Data sources: Court News, Supreme Court of India; National Judicial Data Grid; eCourts Services; Websites of High Courts; Approaches to Justice in India: A Report by DAKSH; Combined Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Union and State Governments in India, Comptroller and Auditor General of India; Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Application under Right to Information (RTI) Act filed by Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy; Open Budgets India; Department of Justice.

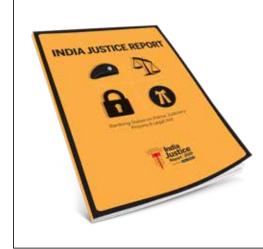
Notes: 1. Data for 'Aug 2018' is as of August 23, 2018; for 'Sep 2017' is as of September 19, 2017; for 'Aug 2017' is as of August 29, 2017. 2. Sub. court: subordinate court. 3. pp: percentage points (the difference between two percentages). 4. NA: Not available. 5. CY: Calendar year; FY: Financial year. 6. Since Assam, Mizoram, Nagaland and Arunachal Pradesh share a High Court, they have been assigned the same values for High Court indicators.



HOW TO READ THE DATA: Since each indicator has a different unit, to enable comparison, we rebased values to score the state's performance in a band of 1 to 10. The line graphs show how the state compares, on each indicator, against the other 6 small-sized states. The longer the ines, the better the state is doing. 'Worst value' and 'best value' point to he highest and lowest results in that indicator.

Budgets	State value	State score (out of 10)	Worst value	Best value	State rank	
NALSA fund utilised (%, 2017-18)	95		7	95	1	
State's share in legal aid spend (%, 2017-18)	38		13	48	4	
Human Resources						Aationally, 1 of 4 other states to not have sanctioned full-
DLSA secretary vacancy (%, 2019)	100.0	•	100.0	0.0	4	time secretaries
PLVs per lakh population (number, Jan 2019)	28.7		13.4	84.3	4	for DLSAs.
Sanctioned secretaries as % of DLSAs (%, 2019)	0	•	0	100	2	
Diversity Women panel lawyers (%, Jan 2019) Women PLVs (%, Jan 2019)	39.5 38.7		15.4 27.1	53.7 66.3	4 3	
Infrastructure						Pre-litigation
DLSAs as % of state judicial districts (%, 2019)	100		63	157	1	cases
Villages per legal services clinic (number, 2017-18)	10.8		141.7	2.5	3	dominated the cases disposed
Legal services clinic per jail (number, 2017-18)	1.29		0.00	2.50	1	off by Lok
Workload						Adalats in the state.
PLA cases: settled as % of received (%, 2017-18)	0		0	83	4	
Total LAs: Pre-litigation cases disposed (%, 2017-18) *	96.8		3.0	96.8	1	
SLSA LAs: Pre-litigation in cases taken up (%, 2017-18) **	27.7	•	0.0	27.7	1	

Data sources: National Legal Services Authority (NALSA); Primary Census Abstract, Census 2011; Prison Statistics India (PSI), National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB). Notes: 1. DLSA: District Legal Services Authority; LA: Lok Adalat; PLA: Permanent Lok Adalat; PLV: Para-Legal Volunteer; SLSA: State Legal Services Authority. Full indicators: * NLAs + SLSA LAs: Share of pre-litigation cases in disposed cases (%, 2017-18); ** SLSA LAs: Pre-litigation cases disposed as % of total cases taken up (%, 2017-18).



About India Justice Report

The India Justice Report 2019 provides the first comprehensive quantitative index that ranks the capacity of the formal justice system operating in various states on their police, prisons, judiciary and legal aid. This ranking was supported and facilitated by Tata Trusts in partnership with DAKSH, Commonwealth Human Rights Initiative, Common Cause, Centre for Social Justice, Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy and TISS-Prayas.

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Data and design: How India Lives